

d'ou

$$f(\theta) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{p \geq 0} \frac{\cos(2p+1)\theta}{(2p+1)^2}$$

(2)

en  $\theta = 0$ :  $0 = f(0) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{p \geq 0} \frac{1}{(2p+1)^2}$

donc

$$\sum_{p=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2p+1)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{4}$$

3) Parseval:

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \theta^2 d\theta = c_0^2 + \sum_{p \in \mathbb{Z}^*} |c_p|^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ \frac{\theta^3}{3} \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} = \frac{\pi^2}{4} + \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{p=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2p+1)^4} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( \frac{2\pi^3}{3} \right) = \frac{\pi^2}{3}$$

$$\sum_{p=0}^{\infty} \frac{4}{(2p+1)^4} = \left( \frac{\pi^2}{3} - \frac{\pi^2}{4} \right) \frac{\pi^2}{4} = \frac{\pi^4}{48}$$

Ex 1) 1)  $u_n = \frac{n}{2+n^3} \sim \frac{1}{n^2} \geq 0$

Riemann + equivalents:  $\sum u_n$  CV