Developing an R package - Introduction - Slides totaly inspired from those of Ghislain Durif https://github.com/gdurif/devRpkg

R Programming - HAX815X

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- R (the latest version if possible¹, 4.4.2 since 2024-10-31)
- You can use the R command line combined with any text editor, but we recommend to use an R-oriented IDE² like **Rstudio**
- Note for Windows users: you can update R from within R with the installr package and you will need to install Rtools to enable all R development functionality

¹Keep your software up-to-date! If you need an older version of R for a specific project, use appropriate tools like containers, it should be an exception not a habit.

²Integrated Development Environment

- Official R documentation: Writing R Extensions
- Karl Broman tutorial: *R package primer* (web version and sources)
- Hadley Wickham and Jenny Bryan **book**: *R packages* (web version and sources)
- Hilary Parker tutorial on writing R packages
- Rstudio cheatsheets on package development and Rstudio IDE

- a library containing a set of R functions (and possibly more) implementing functionality not available in default R functions³
- \cdot a standardized way to distribute R codes (for other users)

³or reimplementing existing functionality in a different way

• the CRAN (Comprehensive R Archive Network): official repository for R packages

install.packages("devtools")

- bioconductor: bioinformatics-oriented package repository
- any git forge: github, gitlab
- on your colleagues' computers⁴

⁴ if they develop in R

- The **best way** to write and distribute **R code** with **documentation**, **examples**, **tests**, etc.
- $\cdot\,$ A good practice $^{\scriptscriptstyle 5}$ when coding in R:
 - your project is structured (code, data, doc), easier to use and re-use
 - documentation is essential (including for your future self)
 - your code is standardized, you can check it and test your functions
 - easy management of dependencies
 - etc.

⁵even for codes you don't plan to publish/distribute

A wide variety of tools to help you:

- Rstudio IDE built-in development features
- R base built-in tools: build (R CMD build), check (R CMD check)
- Some packages to develop packages:
 - usethis: to automate package and project setup
 - devtools: complete collection of development tools
 - **roxygen2**: to document your code and generate help pages
 - testthat: to implement automatic tests of your functions
 - **remotes**: to install package from anywhere (integrated in **devtools**)
 - rmarkdown and knitr: to create detailed documentation materials and notebooks (code showcase)